



Section 1: Identification

Product Identifier GFRG

Other means of identification

Synonyms Glass Fiber Reinforced Gypsum

SDS# GFRG

Recommended Use Architectural building products

Recommended Restrictions Not for use as load bearing components

Manufacturer Information MADE Composites Inc.

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(Canada)

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Section 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the GFRG Glass Fiber Reinforced Gypsum is a mixture of ingredients molded into a solid manufactured "article" and not hazardous in its solid form. However, exposure to du

manufactured "article" and not hazardous in its solid form. However, exposure to dust from cutting, grinding or otherwise altering these articles may irritate the eyes, skin, nose, throat or respiratory tract. Hazards listed are associated with individual ingredients

used in tile manufacture of these articles. See Sections 8 and 11 for information

concerning exposure and personal protection.

Physical Hazards Not classified

Health Hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Environmental Hazards Not classified

Label Elements

Symbol None
Signal Word None
Hazard Statement None

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection, respiratory protection

Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name(s)	CAS#	Concentration (% wt.)
Gypsum (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate)	10034-76-1	89 – 93
	26499-65-0	
Glass fiber	65997-17-3	5.5
Portland cement	65997-15-1	1.3
Crystalline Silica, Quartz	14808-60-7	0 – 4.5
Binder	919-30-2	0.4
Wood or Steel (reinforcement, if required) [†]	Not Assigned	0 – 5

The weight percent listed is for total silica and not the respirable fraction. All silica ingredients have been bonded into these manufactured articles and are not respirable as provided. Cutting, grinding or otherwise altering these manufactured articles may produce respirable crystalline silica dust. See Section 8 for exposure details.

Section 4: First-aid measures

Inhalation	Particles or dust may	cause irritation. Remove	person to fresh air. Have affected person

blow nose or use soft tissues to remove particles or residues from nostrils. If symptoms

persist, get medical attention.

Skin contact For skin contact or irritation, wash immediately and thoroughly with soap and water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. For minor cuts or abrasions, rinse away debris with water, clean with soap and water, disinfect and bandage. Get medical

attention as circumstances dictate.

Eye contact For dust in the eyes, flush eyes immediately and thoroughly with plenty of water, also

under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists or for eye abrasions.

Ingestion Rinse mouth with water immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/ effects, acute and delayed

Eye irritation. Exposed individuals may, experience eye tearing, redness and discomfort.

Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Use water or other extinguishing measures that are appropriate to the local circumstances

and environment. There is no unsuitable extinguishing media known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During a fire, toxic gases and particulates (such as oxides of sulfur) may be released by the decomposition of calcium sulfate. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should use standard fire-fighting procedures appropriate for the

local circumstances and environment.

[†]The weight percent of the steel reinforcement, if any, could vary depending on structural or attachment requirements.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures These solid manufactured articles do not represent a spill, leak or release hazard. Avoid actions that cause dust from damaged articles from becoming airborne. Avoid inhalation

of dust. Wear gloves and other personal protective equipment. Refer to Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, sewers and other waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Follow federal, state or provincial, and/or local regulations for solid waste disposal.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling These manufactured articles can be heavy and awkward to lift and install posing risks

such as sprains to the back, arms and legs. Use proper lifting and handling techniques.

Wear clean gloves to protect hands from rough edges and glass fibers.

Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Protect products from weather and store indoors in a cool, dry, ventilated area

from moisture. Incompatible with: acids, phosphorus, diazomethane,

and aluminum (at high temperatures).

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Chemical name(s)	CAS#	ACGIH-11.V (mg/m3)	OSHA (mg/m3)
Gypsum (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate)	10034-76-1	10	15 (T) / 5 (R)
	26499-65-0	10	
Portland cement	65997-15-1	1	10 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
Crystalline Silica, Quartz	14808-60-7	0.025	4.3 (T) / 3.3 (R) TWA
Glass fiber	65997-17-3	10	15 (T) / 5 (R) PEL
Binder	919-30-2	n/a	n/a
Steel (reinforcement, if required)	Not Assigned	0.5	15 (T) / S (R) PEL

 ${\sf OSHA-Occupational\ Health\ and\ Safely\ Administration;\ PEL-Permissible\ Exposure\ limit}$

TWA – Time Weighted Average; (T) – Total dust; (R) – Respirable fraction

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Hygienists; TLV – Threshold Limit Value

Note: These manufactured articles contain crystalline silica but not in a respirable form. Cutting, grinding or similar alterations to these articles that produce dust may contain respirable crystallines silica dust which is a known lung carcinogen, and is listed in California Proposition 65 as being known to cause cancer. Take precautions to prevent and/or control dust levels, if any, to within approved limits.

Appropriate engineering controls

Normal handling and use of the manufactured articles as supplied do not create a risk of exposure beyond personal exposure limits. If cutting, grinding or other modifications are made to the manufactured articles that generate dust, take precautions to keep dust levels below permissible exposure limits through the use of portable dust collectors and/or ventilation, as needed. If necessary, use a process enclosure with adequate ventilation to contain, extract and/or collect dust.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection (continued)

Individual protection measures, such as personal protection equipment

Respiratory Protection When dust is present wear a NIOSH approved respirator that is properly fitted.

Eye/face protection Wear appropriate safety glasses, goggles or face shields as the nature of the work dictates.

Skin Protection Wear clean gloves when handling parts. Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or

prolonged skin contact Remove clothing and protective equipment that becomes dusty

and clean before reusing.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Solid; White/Off-whiteExplosive limits: Not applicableOdour: Little or noneVapour pressure: Not applicable

Odour threshold: Not applicable **Vapour density:** Not applicable

pH: Not applicable Relative Density: 1.5 - 2 lb/ft² (7 - 10 kg/m²)

Melting point: Not applicable Solubility: Not applicable

Freezing point: Not applicable Partition coefficient: Not applicable

Initial boiling point: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable

Flash point: Not applicable

Decomposition temperature: Not available

Evaporation rate : Not applicable **Viscosity:** Not applicable

Flammability: Noncombustible

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Calcium Sulfate reacts with water in the powder state

Chemical stability Stable at normal conditions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to avoid Incompatibilities - see below.

Incompatible materials Acids, phosphorus, diazomethane, aluminum (at high temperatures)

Hazardous decomposition

products

Toxic gases and particulates, calcium oxides, sulfur dioxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute Exposure to dust may cause irritation to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritationDust in contact with skin can cause irritation or dry skin

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Dust in the eyes will cause eye irritation

Skin sensitizationNot classifiedRespiratory sensitizationNot classifiedGerm cell mutagenicityNot classified

Carcinogenicity Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA criteria

Section 11: Toxicological information (continued)

Note: Exposure to airborne respirable crystalline silica dust is listed by IARC, NTP and California Proposition 65 as a lung carcinogen known to cause cancer. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) CAS# 14808-60-7 1 (Carcinogenic to humans)

Reproductive toxicity

STOT single exposure

STOT repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

Not classified

Not classified

Chronic effects Not hazardous under normal conditions of use

Section 12: Ecological information

These solid manufactured articles do not represent a spill, leak or accidental release hazard and not known to produce an adverse effect on ecology.

ToxicityNo data availablePersistence and degradabilityNo data availableMobility in soilNo data available

Other adverse effects Not expected to produce an adverse effect on ecology

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods For the safety of persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities, please

refer to Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection. Treat these materials as solid waste. Do not dispose of in sewers, drainage systems or waterways. Dispose of material

in accordance with federal, state or provincial, and local regulations.

Section 14: Transport information

DOT Not regulated as dangerous goods **Transport in bulk according** Not applicable

IATA Not regulated as dangerous goods to Annex II of Marpol 73/78

and the IBC code

IMDG Not regulated as dangerous goods

TDG Not regulated as dangerous goods

Section 15: Regulatory information

Many countries have legislation that requires chemical producers or suppliers to prepare MSDSs. In Canada, this legislation is generally called WHMIS (Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System). In the US, the OSHA Hazard Communication Rule (29 CFR1900.1200) prescribes what information is to be provided by MSDS. This MSDS has been prepared in the 16 section format consistent with the Globally Harmonized System of Clasification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Other agencies utilizing this format include the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) -American National Standard for Hazardous Industrial Chemicals, the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), the European Union (EU), and the International Labour Organization (ILO).

Section 15: Regulatory information (continued)

With respect to the products that are the subject of this MSDS, the WHMIS requirements of the Hazardous Products Act and Controlled Products Regulations do NOT apply to products classified as "manufactured articles". Section 11 of the Hazardous Products Act indicates by definition that a "manufactured article" means any article that is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture, the intended use of which when in that form is dependent in whole or in part on its shape or design, and that, under normal conditions of use, will not release or otherwise cause a person to be exposed to a controlled product. In this definition, "exposure" means in a sufficient quantity to pose a hazard. Exposure is limited to the toxicological hazards and means potential for physical contact that could result in damage or potential for entry into the body by a route that could cause harm. "Normal condition of use" does not include an installation process. The subject products fall within the scope of this definition and as "manufactured articles" do not require a MSDS. The information provided in this MSDS relates to the nature of the raw materials used to make the manufactured articles.

US California proposition 65

Note: Silica, crystalline (airborne particles of a respirable size) is listed as a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer. The manufactured articles that are the subject of this SOS may contain crystalline silica but not in a respirable form. Performing cutting, grinding or other operations that create dust could produce airborne particles of respirable size. See Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 16: Other information

HMIS Ratings



NFPA Ratings

Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0

HMIS/NFPA hazard legend:

1 2 3

0 = Minimal

1 = Slight

2 = Moderate

3, = Serious

4 = Severe

E = Safety glasses, gloves and dust respirator

* = Chronic

Abbreviations

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety & Health
CPR	Controlled Products Regulations	NTP	National Toxicology Program
DOT	Department of Transportation (US)	OSHA	Occupational Health and Safety Administration
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
IARC	International Agency for Research on cancer	PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	TOG	Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Cdn.)

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge as of the date issued and is typical of the articles manufactured. Some variations could be expected with custom made articles due to part size and its structural requirements, finish and support embedments etc. The information given is provided as a guideline for safe handling, use, storage, transportation, disposal and not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The user assumes full responsibility for applying the appropriate safety measures when these products are used.